## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

## § 888.4210 Cement mixer for clinical use.

- (a) *Identification*. A cement mixer for clinical use is a device consisting of a container intended for use in mixing bone cement (§ 888.3027).
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.
- [52 FR 33702, Sept. 4, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 52953, Dec. 29, 1988; 59 FR 63014, Dec. 7, 1994]

# §888.4220 Cement monomer vapor evacuator.

- (a) *Identification*. A cement monomer vapor evacuator is a device intended for use during surgery to contain or remove undesirable fumes, such as monomer vapor from bone cement (§888.3027).
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.
- [52 FR 33702, Sept. 4, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 52954, Dec. 29, 1988]

### §888.4230 Cement ventilation tube.

- (a) *Identification*. A cement ventilation tube is a tube-like device usually made of plastic intended to be inserted into a surgical cavity to allow the release of air or fluid from the cavity as it is being filled with bone cement (§888.3027).
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.
- [52 FR 33702, Sept. 4, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 52954, Dec. 29, 1988; 59 FR 63014, Dec. 7, 1994]

#### §888.4300 Depth gauge for clinical use.

- (a) *Identification*. A depth gauge for clinical use is a measuring device intended for various medical purposes, such as to determine the proper length of screws for fastening the ends of a fractured bone.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807

## § 888.4540 Orthopedic manual surgical instrument.

- (a) Identification. An orthopedic manual surgical instrument is a nonpowered hand-held device intended for medical purposes to manipulate tissue, or for use with other devices in orthopedic surgery. This generic type of device includes the cerclage applier, awl, bender, drill brace, broach, burr, corkscrew, countersink, pin crimper, wire cutter, prosthesis driver, extractor, file, fork, needle holder, impactor, bending or contouring instrument, compression instrument, passer, socket positioner, probe, femoral neck punch, socket pusher, reamer, rongeur, scissors, screwdriver, bone skid, staple driver, bone screw starter, surgical stripper, tamp, bone tap, trephine, wire twister, and wrench.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter.
- $[52~{\rm FR}~33702,~{\rm Sept.}~4,~1987,~{\rm as~amended~at}~59~{\rm FR}~63014,~{\rm Dec.}~7,~1994]$

# § 888.4580 Sonic surgical instrument and accessories/attachments.

- (a) *Identification*. A sonic surgical instrument is a hand-held device with various accessories or attachments, such as a cutting tip that vibrates at high frequencies, and is intended for medical purposes to cut bone or other materials, such as acrylic.
  - (b) Classification. Class II.

### §888.4600 Protractor for clinical use.

- (a) *Identification*. A protractor for clinical use is a device intended for use in measuring the angles of bones, such as on x-rays or in surgery.
- (b) Classification. Class I. The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807.

#### §888.4800 Template for clinical use.

(a) *Identification*. A template for clinical use is a device that consists of a pattern or guide intended for medical purposes, such as selecting or positioning orthopedic implants or guiding the marking of tissue before cutting.